

TOROS ÜNİVERSİTESİ

Faculty Of Economic, Administrative And Social Sciences
Psychology (English)

Course Information

ATATURK'S PRINCIPLES & HISTORY OF TURKISH REFORMS I					
Code	Semester	Theoretical	Practice	National Credit	ECTS Credit
		Hour / Week			
HIS101	Fall	2	0	2	2

Prerequisites and co-requisites	None
Language of instruction	Turkish
Type	Required
Level of Course	Bachelor's
Lecturer	Lec. Ercan BOLAT
Mode of Delivery	Face to Face
Suggested Subject	None
Professional practise (internship)	None
Objectives of the Course	Revolution and similar concepts, the causes of the collapse of the Ottoman Empire in World War I, the reason for preparing the establishment of the Republic of Turkey, Armistice Armistice beginning on or after national awakening on the Occupation of Anatolia, Atatürk's personality and Samsun National fight preparatory period (congresses, Parliament's opening) and war era, abolition of the Sultanate. Lausanne Peace Treaty, the proclamation of the Republic described and examined. Atatürk's reforms and the Kemalist Thought system to provide accurate information about the History of the Republic of Turkey, the Turkish youth are raised in line with the Kemalist Thought System.
Contents of the Course	Dissolution of the Ottoman Empire (XIX Yüyl). Administrative reforms, I. and II. Constitutional Monarchy, Tripoli and Balkan Wars, World War I, Armistice Agreement, Wilson Principles, Paris Conference, M. Kemal's arrival in Samsun and situation in Anatolia, Amasya Circular, the National Congress, Opening of Parliament, Parliament 's organizations and insurrections Organization to constitution, establishment of regular army, I. İnönü, Kütahya - Eskişehir, Sakarya Wars and Grand Attack, Pacts during the War of Independence, the Lausanne Peace Treaty, abolishment of the Sultanate, revolutions in the political field, political party and multi-party political life pass attempts, revolutions in law, reorganization of social life, changes in the economic field, between 1923-1938, Turkish foreign policy, Turkish foreign policy after Atatürk, The Principles of Turkish Revolution (republicanism, populism, secularism, reformism, statism, nationalism). Supplementary Principl

Learning Outcomes of Course

#	Learning Outcomes
1	Revolution and similar concepts of basic features, objectives and define their relationship with each other
2	Led to the fall of the Ottoman Empire has information about the internal and external factors
3	Innovation in the movement to save the Ottoman Empire from collapsing, identify the reasons for failure
4	At the end of World War explain the importance of the revival of the Turkish nation began under the leadership of Ataturk against the occupation of our country and the collapse of the Ottoman Empire
5	Wholeheartedly embrace the Turkish revolution and Ataturk's principles and explain the thinking defense
6	Various visual and written sources related to these subjects, materials and documents, and can gain practical skills to use.

Course Syllabus

#	Subjects	Teaching Methods and Technics

1	Introduction and Concept Analysis Course	Lecture, discussion
2	internal and external causes and reasons for the collapse of the Ottoman Empire, the Turkish Revolution	Lecture, discussion
3	innovation movement in the Ottoman Empire, Tanzimat, Firman, First Constitution II. Constitutionalism	Lecture, discussion
4	Current Opinion in the Ottoman Empire (Ottomanism, Islamism, Westernism, Turkism.) Union and Progress Party came to power. March 31 incident, Tripoli War, the Balkan Wars	Lecture, discussion
5	Causes of the First World War and the beginning of the war, the Ottoman Empire to join the war fronts and Results	Lecture, discussion
6	Sharing agreements, the Ottoman Empire (Turkish Straits, London, Sykes Picot, St. Jean de Maurienne Ant.) The End of the World War I, Armenian incidents, Armistice Treaty	Lecture, discussion
7	National Struggle Period, occupations across the nation and the country's situation and the activities of the Association, Mustafa Kemal Pasha's arrival in Istanbul and in view of the situation	Lecture, discussion
8	Mid-term Exam	
9	Mustafa Kemal to Samsun. Mustafa Kemal Pasha's activities in the basin, Amasya Circular, Erzurum Congress and its importance,	Lecture, discussion
10	Balkesir and Alaşehir Congresses. Sivas Congress and significance, other Congresses during the National Struggle	Lecture, discussion
11	Amasya Meetings, meetings with commanders in Sivas. Representative Council's arrival in Ankara. collection of the last Ottoman members of Parliament, the National Pact	Lecture, discussion
12	the opening of Parliament, Qualifications. National Struggle in the press, Parliament against the riots. Turkey share schemes	Lecture, discussion
13	Establishment of the National Army (Kuva-yi Milli, Army), South and South East Side, East Side (Parliament - Soviet Russia Relations)	Lecture, discussion
14	Armenian Issue, the wars against the Armenian Parliament - Georgia relations, the Western Front (I. and II. İnönü wars, Kütahya - Eskişehir Wars)	Lecture, discussion
15	Sakarya Battle, Grand Attack, Mudanya Armistice, Abolition of the Sultanate	Lecture, discussion
16	Final Exam	

Course Syllabus

#	Material / Resources	Information About Resources	Reference / Recommended Resources
1	AlİT Ders Notları		

Method of Assessment

#	Weight	Work Type	Work Title
1	40%	Mid-Term Exam	Mid-Term Exam
2	60%	Final Exam	Final Exam

Relationship between Learning Outcomes of Course and Program Outcomes

#	Learning Outcomes	Program Outcomes	Method of Assessment
1	Revolution and similar concepts of basic features, objectives and define their relationship with each other	14	1,2
2	Led to the fall of the Ottoman Empire has information about the internal and external factors	14	1,2
3	Innovation in the movement to save the Ottoman Empire from collapsing, identify the reasons for failure	14	1,2
4	At the end of World War explain the importance of the revival of the Turkish nation began under the leadership of Atatürk against the occupation of our country and the collapse of the Ottoman Empire	14	1,2
5	Wholeheartedly embrace the Turkish revolution and Atatürk's principles and explain the thinking defense	14	1,2
6	Various visual and written sources related to these subjects, materials and documents, and can gain practical skills to use.	14	1,2

PS. The numbers, which are shown in the column Method of Assessment, presents the methods shown in the previous table, titled as Method of Assessment.

Work Load Details

#	Type of Work	Quantity	Time (Hour)	Work Load
1	Course Duration	14	2	28
2	Course Duration Except Class (Preliminary Study, Enhancement)	14	2	28
3	Presentation and Seminar Preparation	0	0	0
4	Web Research, Library and Archival Work	0	0	0
5	Document/Information Listing	0	0	0
6	Workshop	0	0	0
7	Preparation for Midterm Exam	0	0	0
8	Midterm Exam	1	1	1
9	Quiz	0	0	0
10	Homework	0	0	0
11	Midterm Project	0	0	0
12	Midterm Exercise	0	0	0
13	Final Project	0	0	0
14	Final Exercise	0	0	0
15	Preparation for Final Exam	1	2	2
16	Final Exam	1	1	1
				60